User Guide

MCU LSE Crystal Selection Guide

Introduction

This document details the LSE crystal selection guide to provide users with a reference.

This document is only applicable to Nsing MCU products. Currently, the supported product series include N32G43X series, N32L40X series, N32L43X series.



Contents

1.	LSE Crys	LSE Crystal Selection Instructions		
	1.1	External Crystal Circuit	;	
	1.2	LSE Matching Capacitance Calculation	;	
	1.3	LSE Crystal Test 4	ŀ	
	1.3.1	LSE Crystal Parameter Configuration 4	ŀ	
	1.3.2	Crystal Frequency Test 5	;	
	1.3.3	Power Consumption Test7	7	
	1.3.4	Crystal Compatibility List	;	
2.	Version H	listory10)	
3.	Disclaime	er11		

2 / 11



1. LSE Crystal Selection Instructions

1.1 External Crystal Circuit

Figure 1-1 shows the typical design of LSE external crystal, where R_F feedback resistor has been designed inside the chip, so users do not need to add this resistor outside the chip.

Figure 1-1 A Typical Application Using 32.768KHz Crystals MCU MCU Low-powerControl $<math>R_F$ C_{L1} C_{L1} C_{L2} C_{L2}

1.2 LSE Matching Capacitance Calculation

The low-speed external clock (LSE) can be generated using an oscillator consisting of a 32.768kHz crystal/ceramic resonator. In applications, crystal and load capacitors must be as close to the oscillator pins as possible to minimize output distortion and stabilization time at startup. For detailed crystal parameters (frequency, package, accuracy, etc.), please consult the appropriate manufacturer.

For C_{L1} and C_{L2} , it is recommended to use ceramic capacitors to match the requirements of the crystal. Usually, C_{L1} and C_{L2} have the same capacitance value.

Load capacitance C_L is calculated by the following formula:

$$C_{L} = \frac{C_{L1} \times C_{L2}}{C_{L1} + C_{L2}} + C_{stray}$$

Cstray is stray capacitance, sum of the device pin and the PCB (a parasitic) capacitances.

For example, if a load capacitor is selected C_L =7pF crystal, and C_{stray}=1pF,

$$C_L - C_{stray} = \frac{C_{L1} \times C_{L2}}{C_{L1} + C_{L2}} = 6 \text{ pF}$$

hence $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 12 \text{ pF}.$

3 / 9



1.3 LSE Crystal Test

1.3.1 LSE Crystal Parameter Configuration

When LSE external crystal is used, void RCC_ConfigLse(uint8_t RCC_LSE, uint16_t LSE_Trim) function is called and parameter uint16_t LSE_Trim is used to configure crystal parameters, as shown in the following code example:

Figure 1-1 RCC_Config LSE Fucntion

```
/**
* @brief Configures the External Low Speed oscillator (LSE).
 * @param RCC_LSE specifies the new state of the LSE.
    This parameter can be one of the following values:
       @arg RCC LSE DISABLE LSE oscillator OFF
       @arg RCC LSE ENABLE LSE oscillator ON
 *
       @arg RCC_LSE_BYPASS LSE oscillator bypassed with external clock
* @param LSE Trim specifies LSE Driver Trim Level.
 */
void RCC_ConfigLse(uint8_t RCC_LSE,uint16_t LSE_Trim)
Ł
   //PWR DBP set 1
    /* Enable PWR Clock */
    RCC EnableAPB1PeriphClk(RCC APB1 PERIPH PWR, ENABLE);
   PWR->CTRL1 |= 0x100;
    /* Check the parameters */
   assert param(IS RCC LSE(RCC LSE));
    /* Reset LSEEN LSEBYP and LSECLKSSEN bits before configuring the LSE ------
                                                                                          ___*/
    * (
       IO uint32 t*)LDCTRL ADDR &= (~(RCC LDCTRL LSEEN | RCC LDCTRL LSEEP | RCC LDCTRL LSECLKSSEN));
    /* Configure LSE (RCC LSE DISABLE is already covered by the code section above) */
    switch (RCC_LSE)
    case RCC LSE ENABLE:
        /* Set LSEON bit */
        *(__IO uint32_t*)LDCTRL_ADDR |= RCC_LSE_ENABLE;
        break;
    case RCC LSE BYPASS:
        /* Set LSEBYP and LSEON bits */
        *( IO uint32 t*)LDCTRL ADDR |= (RCC LSE BYPASS | RCC LSE ENABLE);
        break:
    default:
        break;
    }
}
```

Table 1-1 lists two recommended configuration values. Different configuration values have a great influence on the final crystal properties, as follows:

- 1) Low power configuration (configuration values: 0xFF) : compared with the default configuration after the chip is powered on, this configuration enhances the LSE driver capability and supports more crystal models.
- 2) Normal configuration (configuration values: 0x1FF) : At the same time, both the driving capability and steady-state operating current of the LSE are enhanced, and the crystal compatibility is further improved. This configuration value is relatively low-power configuration, and the power consumption of the crystal circuit is slightly increased.

Configuration Items	Configuration Values			
Low power configuration	0xFF			

Table 1-1 Comparison of LSE Configuration Values



Normal configuration

0x1FF

The following sections will provide the test data of different crystal parameter configuration values for customer application.

1.3.2 Crystal Frequency Test

1.3.2.1 Normal Temperature Frequency Test

In LSE design, it is necessary to select the appropriate matching capacitance and crystal configuration values. Refer to the peripheral hardware design in Figure 1-1, select a crystal and connect the capacitor to test the crystal frequency. The crystal signal can be output to the frequency meter or other frequency testing instruments through MCO.

• Test example:

The selected crystal load capacitance $C_L = 7pF$, C_{stray} calculated at 1pF, then $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 12 pF$.

Note: C_{stray} *is related to different test board hardware. Users can fine-tune the external capacitors* C_{L1} *and* C_{L2} *based on the test frequency.*

As shown in Figure 1-2, C_{L1} and C_{L2} chip capacitance is 12pF, and the crystal output frequency of the three test plates is compared as follows.

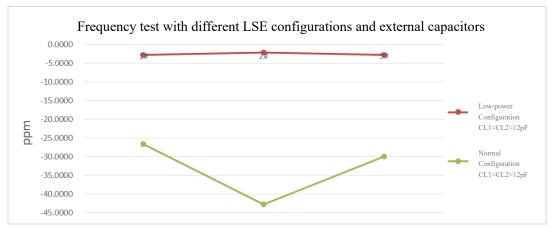


Figure 1-2 LSE Output Frequency (25°C, C1_{L1} = C_{L2} = 12 pF)

As shown in Figure 1-2, the same hardware design and different configuration values have certain influence on the frequency. In normal configuration, the frequency is lower than that in low-power configuration, and is less than - 20ppm. In this case, the crystal frequency can be increased by decreasing C_{L1} and C_{L2} .

As shown in Figure 1-3, C_{L1} and C_{L2} patch capacitance is adjusted from 12 pF to 10 pF (for the normal configuration), and the output frequency of the three test boards is compared before and after the capacitor is adjusted.

5 / 11



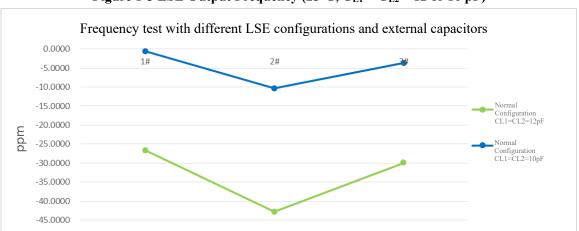
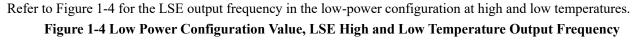
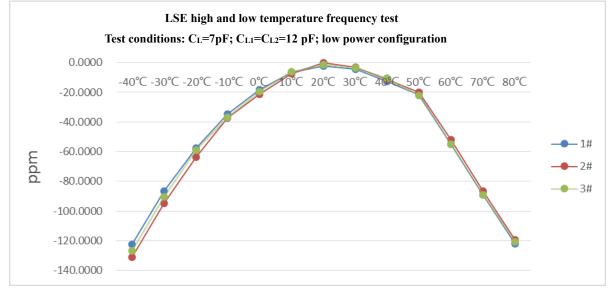


Figure 1-3 LSE Output Frequency (25°C, $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 12$ or 10 pF)

1.3.2.2 High and Low Temperature Frequency Test





Refer to Figure 1-5 for the LSE output frequency in normal configuration at high and low temperature.



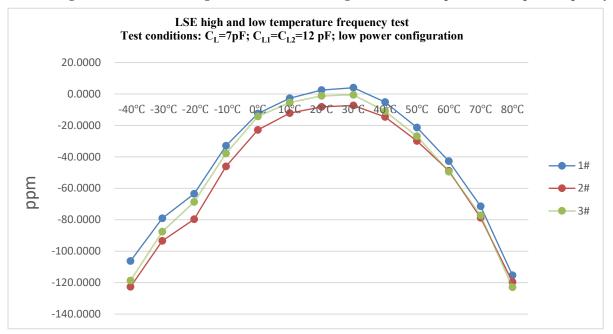
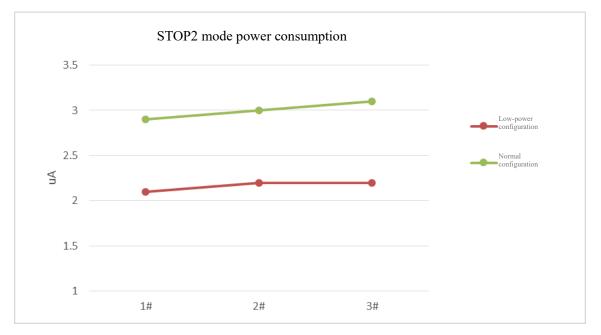


Figure 1-5 Normal Configuration Value, LSE High and Low Temperature Output Frequency

1.3.3 Power Consumption Test

Figure 1-6 shows the power consumption of the chip in different configurations. Compared with normal configuration, the power consumption in STOP2 mode increases about 0.8uA.

Figure 1-6 STOP2 Mode Power Consumption under Different Register Configuration Conditions



7 / 11



1.3.4 Crystal Compatibility List

When choosing a 32.768kHz external crystal for N32G43X/N32L40X/N32L43X series MCU, it is important to ensure that the selected crystal can operate within the full temperature range.

The crystal configuration parameters of the chip are different, and the adaptable crystal models are also different. Refer to Table 1-2 for the crystal compatibility list for full temperature test. The crystals in this list can be compatible with both low power configuration values and normal configuration values.

No.	Crystal Model	Package	Manufacturer	CL (pF)	CO (pF)	ESR(max) (kΩ)	Temperature Range (°C)
1	TFX-04-32.768K(7PF)			7	1.3	90	
2	TFX-04-32.768K		RIVER	12.5	1.3	90	
3	1TJH090DR1A0086	1.610	WDG	9	1.3	90	
4	DST1610A 32.768KHz	1610	KDS	12.5	1.3	90	
5	X1A0001210005	-	EPSON	12.5	1.2	90	
6	SC-16S 32.768kHz 20PPM 12.5pF	-	SEIKO	12.5	1.2	90	
7	FC-12M 32.768000 kHz 7.0+20.0- 20.0/X1A0000610006		EPSON	7	1.3	90	
8	TJXM32768K2TGDCNT2T	2012	TAE	12.5		70	
9	1TJG125DR1A0019	-	KDS	12.5	1.3	80	
10	FC-135R 32.768KHz 9PF 20PPM/ X1A0001410002			9	1.1	50	
11	11 FC-135 32.768KHz 9PF 20PPM/ Q13FC13500003			9	1	70	
12	FC-135 32.768KHz 12.5PF 20PPM/ Q13FC13500004		EPSON	12.5	1.2	70	
13	FC-135 32.768KHz 9PF 20PPM/ FC-135 32.7680KA-AC				9	1	70
14	SC-32S 32.768kHz 7pF 20ppm	-		7	1	70	
15	SC-32S 32.768kHz 12.5pF 20ppm		SEIKO	12.5	1	70	
16	SC-32S 32.768kHz 9pF 20ppm	3215		9	1	70	
17	1TJF125DP1A000A	-	KDS	12.5	1.3	80	
18	7LC32768F12UC	-	SJK	12.5	1.2	70	
19	FC31M2-32.768-NTLLLDT	-	HCI	12.5	1.5	70	
20	X321532768KGD2SI	- - -	YXC	12.5	1.2	70	
21	ETST00327000JE		HOSONIC	12.5	2	70	
22	TCXM32768K2NGDCZT2T		TAE	12.5	2	80	
23	XDMCZLNDDF-0.032768MHZ	Ē	TAITIEN	12.5			
24	KFC3276812520		КҮХ	12.5	1.2	70]
25	F3K232768PWQAC		JYJE	12.5		70	
26	26S-32.768-12.5-10-10/B	DT26	LIMING	12.5		90	

Table 1-2 LSE Crystal	Compatibility List
Table 1-2 Lot Ci yotal	Company List

8 / 11



	MC-146 32.768KHz 9PF 20PPM/						
27	Q13MC14610004		EPSON	9	0.8	65	
20	MC-146 32.768KHz 12.5PF 20PPM/			12.5	0.8	65	
28	Q13MC14620002			12.5			
29	SSP-T7-F 32.768kHz 20PPM 7pF		SEIKO	7	0.8	65	
30	FR07S4-32.768-N07LLDT	MC-146	HCI	7	0.8	65	
31	FR07S4-32.768-NTLLLDT		нсі	12.5	0.8	65	
32	TSXM32768K4KGDCZT3T		TAE	12.5	0.8	65	
33	7MC32768F12UC		SJK	12.5	1.2	70	
34	M132768PWPAC		JYJE	12.5		65	
35	CD01K032768FEPBAEAE			8	1.4	40	
36	CD01K032768ACNBAEAE		TKD	12.5	1.4	40	
37	CD01K032768DGRBAEAE	DT26		6	1.4	40	
38	Y26003271C2040DYJY		JGHC	12.5		40	
39	X206032768KGB2SC		YXC	12.5		40	20.50
40	146-32.768-12.5-20-20/A	MC-146	LIMING	12.5			-20~70
41	7L032768NW2	MC-140	HD	12.5	0.8	65	
42	X308032768KGB2SC		YXC	12.5		40	
43	CD02K032768AEPBAEAE	DT38	TKD	12.5	1.8	30	
44	WTL3T45322LZ		WTL	12.5	1.5	40	
45	SMD31327681252090	3215	JGHC	12.5	1	65	
46	S3132768072070	3213	JUIC	7	1	65	-10~60
47	DT-38 32.768KHz	DT38	KDS	12.5	1.3	30	-10~00
48	Y308327681252075	D136	JGHC	12.5	1.1	40	

Note: Above crystal compatibility test of the chip supply voltage V_{DD} = 3.3 *V.*



2. Version History

Version	Date	Changes
V1.0	2022.04.27	Initial version



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